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TWENTY-TWO PAGES

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 5, 1918.

TWENTY-TWO PAGES

ON TRAINS AND TWO CENTS FIVE DOLLARS

Government Authorities to Make Move Against Those Spreading German Propaganda.

INTERNMENT ON BIG SCALE IS TO FOLLOW.

WILL STOP PEACE RUMORS

MUCH TALK OF KIND STARTED ABOUT CAMPS.

OTHER STORIES CIRCULATED

FIRM HAND IS NEEDED TO SQUELCH PRO-GERMANS.

Department of Justice Determined to Put Enemies of United States Where They Can Do No Harm-Surveillance Has Been Kept on MAYOR JEWETT PLANS Guilty Persons, Many of Whom Broke Promise to Remain Loyal.

33 Wyatt Building. department of justice is preparing to draw the net closer, around German propagandists in this country. Plans are now being made for the arrest of a large number of propagandists who have been under surveillance for several months. Detention camp accommodations will be ready for the men who are to be interned until the war is over. The decision of the government authorities to place propagandists where they will not be able to carry on their secret work in the interest of Germany, is due to the fact that within recent weeks agents of the intelligence bureau of the department of justice in nearly every part of the country have reported renewed activities on the part of these German propagandists.

Almost every conceivable sort of story that might tend to cool the war spirit of the United States has been circulated by the propagandists. Recently peace has been the favorite topic of these German sympathizers, and it is well established that the propagandists have suceeded in circulating plausible peace cantonments. These stories have, as a been to the effect that peace is certain to come during the present summer, and that the young men in training for military service might well make their plans to return to their homes be-

Influence iin Towns.

This cort of talk has found wide circulation in nearly all the cities of the country, and has reached and influenced the smaller cities and towns and even the country districts, it is asserted. The federal food administrator for ennsylvania, Howard Heinz, came near effecting the view that is gaining a oothold among the authorities here then he said yesterday in an address that "We will not be a strictly free peoele until 10,000 German propagandists in this state have been hanged to telegraph poles and shot full of holes." The ederal government at this time is not ready to approve any such drastic methed as this for dealing with the propagandists, but it is evident that the ime will come unless the German propagandists in the United States cease all activities when some such thing as the food administrator for Pennsylvania

speaks of will take place. Not Severe Enough.

A good many far-seeing men have held the view that the United States was dealing too leniently with the German propagandists. It is now evident to the casual observer that this government should have dealth severely with every plain case of German propagands in this country since the United States entered the war. Doubtless, a stricter policy would have been adopted had not the German sympathizers soon after the entrance of the United States into the war displayed a seeming intention of

Thousands of German sympathizers stly alien enemies who had been outspoken in support of the cause of Germany and the central powers before the ted States entered the war, and who were under surveillance by the intelligance bureau of the department of justice when this country declared war on Gernany, immediately voluntarily promised en under surveillance did, so far as the government was able to observe, remain inactive for several months; but ns that the temptation to do ng for the German cause was ng to be resisted and the result was that two or three months ago the enewed activity along many lines.

One government official in discussing the situation today pointed out that ment authorities began to observe enewed activity along many lines. what has come to be known as the Geraganda is responsible for every rmany has attained since the gan. On the west front in France Selgium, it was pointed out, and are else has Germany met with military opposition, and on that at she has not been able to obtain

single notable victory.

Indeed, since the battle of the Marne made no military headway at Never in the history of the mentary and otherthat this propaganda has ed on in every part of the

ivilized world. \
Even Great Britain and Italy were not overlooked. It is no longer a secret Continued on Page Eleven,

Six American Soldiers Get French War Cross

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 5 .- It is now permisible to give the names of the American officers and men decorated with the French war cross yesterday by Premier Clemenceau. They are: LIEUTENANT JOSEPH CANBY.

Brooklyn, N. Y. LIEUTENANT WILLIAM COLE-MAN, Charleston, S. C. SERGEANT PATRICK WALSH. SERGEANT WILLIAM NORTON. PRIVATE BUDDY PITTMAN,

Brooklyn, N. Y. PRIVATES ALVIN SMILEY, St.

The sergeants have been in the army many years. Sergeant Walsh formerly lived in Detroit and Sergeant Norton in Arkansas.

Both the privates detinguished themselves by running through a barrage laid down by the Germans during the raid and delivering mes-

during the raid and delivering messages.

Two artillery officers—Captain Holtzendorff, whose home is in Georgia, and Lieutenant Green—will receive the French war cross. They were wounded by shell fire.

Lieutenants Canby and Coleman went out into no man's land in daylight and each took a German prisoner. Sergeant Norton killed a German lieutenant and two soldiers, He was challenged by the lieutenant to leave his dugout and led out his men fighting. Sergeant Walsh took command of a detachment in front of the wire when his captain was killed and continued the fight.

WASHINGTON, March 5 .- The FIRST TEN DAYS OF APRIL TIME

EVERYBODY TO TAKE PART

Charles W. Jewett, mayor of Indianapolis, today appounced that during the first ten days of April the city will undergo a thorough "city houseclean-

Streets, alleys, front yards, back yards and vacant lots wil be subjected to the onslaught of city employes, memthe onslaught of city employes, members of civic organizations and "ordinary citizens" who will respond to the city's efforts to make Indianapolis a healthful city for the coming summer. "We are going to ask for the earnest co-operation of the Chamber of Commerce, the Board of Trade and the numerous neighborhood civic organizations. nerous neighborhood civic organizations n this important work," said Mayor

Work for Police.

"Every police officer will be requested to see that the cleaning regulations are ollowed out. It is absolutely essential hat this cleanup campaign is a success. In the next few months we are going to spend lots of vitality and manhood in war and it is doubly essential that we preserve our health here at home, that we may reinforce our men on the battlefield in every possible way.

"The Bible says that cleanliness is next to godliness, and there is no reason why a city should not observe cleanliness as well as the individual. In fact,

"The vacant lot should not only be cleaned up—it should be planted in garden produce. As scarce as food will be this year, only downright neglect can be the excuse for unplanted lots in Indi-

In Downtown Districts.

Mayor Jewett also made an appeal for cleanliness in the downtown districts of the city, urging every citizen to help keep the city clean by putting paper and fruit peelings in the receptacles and fruit peelings in the receptacles provided for that purpose.

"Keeping the city clean is a personal matter, after all," said Mayor Jewett.
"If every citizen will respond to this appeal the health conditions in Indiana-

appeal the health conditions in Indianapolis for the coming summer will be better than ever before."

Dr. Herman G. Morgan, secretary of the city soard of health, has already started on his spring drive to improve sanitary conditions in the city. Dr. Morgan will take a prominent part in the campaign during cleanup week.

Food inspectors for the board of health were put to work today. A complete vere put to work today. A complete nspection of restaurants, hotels, board-ing houses and groceries will be made Where conditions are not up to the standard required by the board of health orders will be given to meet the standards or close up. Inspection of dairies also will be begun under the direction of Dr. Morgan. Food handlers will be equired to present certificates showing hat they do not have contagious dis-

operation of every citizen in this work

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU. Indianapolis, March 5, 1918. -Temperature-

-Local Forecast-Local forecast for Indianapolis and icinity for the twenty-four hours have themselves. As a general rule with rain possibly turning to snow tonight with rain in south and rain or snow part tonight and Wednesday; colder tonight n north part; colder Wednesday. Forecast for Illinois: Unsettled tonight and

-Westner in Other	2017-22-35	The state of	
The following table shows	the	state	of the
weather in other cities at ?	4. 1	n.:	
Station.	Bar.	Temp	Weath
Amarillo Tex	29,68	54	PtCld
Bismarck, N. D	30.16	4	Snow
Boston, Mass	29.76	34	Cloud
Chicago, Ill.	29.72	44	PtCld
Cincinnati, O	29.88	40	Cloud
Denver, Colo	29.58	40	Clear
Dodge City, Kas	29.64	40	Clear
Helans, Mont	30,26	0	Cloud
Jacksonville, Fla	30.06	66	Cloud
Kansas City, Mo	29.62	56	Cloud
Little Rock Ark	29.80	64	PtCld
Los Angeles, Cal.	30.02	54	Cloud
Mobile Ala	30.02	66	Cloud
New Orleans, La	30.02	66	Cloud
New York, N. Y	29.82	82	Cloud
Oklahoma, Okla	29.68	52	PtCld
Omaha, Neb	29,62	44	Cloud
Pittaburg, Pa	29,88	46	Cloud
Portland, Ore	30.06	34	PtCld
Rapid City, v. D	30,08	18	Snow
San Antonio, Tex	29.92	58	Cloud
San Francisco, Cal	30.08	44	Clear

Hourly Temperature.

AMERICANS CHECK SURPRISE ATTACK

Yankee Patrols Working In Lorraine Secor Capture Prisoners, Paris Reports.

ENEMY PREPARES DEFENSES

Reach Fourth German Trench in Raid on 1,200-Yard Front-British Enter Positions.

The Germans again have attempted to reach the American lines and have failed. The repulse last night of a surprise attack against the trenches in Lorraine, held by American forces, is reported today in the official communication from the French war office. The statement adds that Yankee patrols, operating in the same region, took a number

Large Raids Continue.

Raids by all of the belligerents in which large bodies of troops are employed continue, although nothing that could be described as a general attack has been attempted. Apparently the intention of these maneuvers is to gain information and to damage the enemy's trenches, as reports do not tell of efforts to retain and consolidate the po-sitions entered. French and British soldiers have penetrated the German positions at various points in the recent fighting and have taken prisoners.

Teutons Prepare Defenses. A dispatch from the French front today indicates that the German high command may not have absolute conidence in the heralded offensive. While the kaiser and Von Hindenburg have

been threatening to crush the allies with a spring drive, the German troops have been working incessantly during the winter on an elaborate system of defenses. Failing to hurl the British, French and American troops backward, the Teuton militarists hope, at least, to hold ground which they already occupy, instead of being forced to retire by instead of being forced to retire by the counter-attack which inevitably would follow the repulse of their of

French Reach Fourth Line. The French in their latest incursion into the German trenches penetrated as ANNOUNCEMENT AWAITS ACfar as the fourth line and passed back 150 prisoners. The operation, which was against Calonne positions, was on a front of more than 1,200 yards, the maximum depth of the penetration being more than 600 yards. During the raid German troops attempted to strike the French party on the flank but were repulsed. The raiders carried away war material. A surprise attack northwest of Besonvaux was broken up by the French who also checked enemy move-French who also checked enemy ents against trenches east of Largitzen.

The American artillery bombarded the

German trenches during a heavy the German reply was weak. The entire bombardment lasted an hour, diminishing toward the last. The Germans used their heavy guns in the rear of Mont Sec. an elevation opposite Xivray.

Trophy for Washington. A German machine gun, captured during the enemy raid northwest of Toul

on Friday has been brought in and will

be sent to Washington as a trophy aft er being suitably inscribed. On the Italian front the artillery been only moderately active. The first trenches along the old Piave and at the bridgehead of Capo Site have exchanged rifle and machine gun fire.

Australian troops conducted another successful raid in the vicinity of Warneton last night, taking several ton last night, taking several prisoner and two machine guns, Field Marsha Haig has reported. In the same neigh borhood, the enemy attacked a British post and was repulsed after sharp fight-ing. South of St. Quentin, British paing. South of St. Quentin, British patrols have taken several prisoners.
Under cover of considerable artillery bembardment at dawn today a hostile raiding party attacked the British trenches west of Lens. The attack was repulsed completely after sharp fighting. Many casualties were inflicted on the enemy during his withdrawal to his own lines.

FIRST AMERICAN MEDALS.

Men Honored by French May Receive Own Country's Recognition. WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 5.—The first Americans to win the new American medals for bravery in action probably will be men

Continued on Page Eleven.

FEDERATION CUSSES ENTERTAINMENT.

OTHER FEATURES PLANNED

What the churches can do to help in the readjustment after the closing of a report submitted to the executive board of the Indianapolis Church Federation by the social service committee today. The executive board meeting was held at the Y. M. C. A.

The committee recommended the utilization of the existing churches and organizations which can provide attractive entertainment for men, particularly in the evening, and the establishment of neeting rooms. They also recommend that the churches and their agencies establish employment bureaus to assist the men who are thrown out of employthe men who are thrown out of employment because of the closing of the saloons. The committee also urged that churches hold evangelical meetings and

U-BOAT LOSSES DECREASE

Statement Made by First Lord of Admiralty to Commons. LONDON, March 5.-Sir Eric Geddes, first lord of the admiralty, speaking in the house of commons today, rethe German submarine war is eve

Sir Eric said, in reply to a question, that the allies were being consulted regarding the publication of tonnage "Our allies are making every effort

to increase their production of ships," Sir Eric said, "but despite glowing re-ports in the American press and great as the effort of that country doubtless is, there is no doubt a considerable time must clapse before the desired out-put is obtained."

Sir Eric said the naval forces of the in European waters would be aug-ed shortly by a force of Brazilian

REBUILDING DEFENSES



DATE OF SECOND DRAFT MAY BE REVEALED SOOI

TION OF CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, March 5 .- Announce ment of the date of the next draft is imminent. The provost marshal-general's office has prepared "an important announcement," which is believed to deal with the time and method of summoning the second levy. The best opinion is that the first of the men will move to camp ublication of the announcement is

service act. The most important of th proposed changes, in the opinion of Provost Marshal-General Crowder, is that which will give him authority to base state quotas on the total number of men in Class A 1, instead of the total reg-

Preparations have been made for sum-\$0,000 of these men have been called but only half of them have been sent to the training camps. The inadvisability of centralizing these troops in southern camps and the fact that the army medical authorities do not believe it safe to transfer them to colder northern camps during the winter, are given as the prin-cipal reasons for the delay.

President Wilson is empowered to conscript labor from draft registrants for work on farms, shipbuilding and other production wherever necessary under amendments to the draft bill, reported favorably today by the house committee

WASHINGTON, March 5 .- Resignation of the Persian cabinet was reported to the state department today in a dispatch from the United States consular repre-

HOUSE HINGES ON RESULT.

APPEAL IS MADE TO TIMID

of New York who live in the four congressional districts in which special lections were held today realized their

dream of years, when they cast the first votes. The elections were in Seventh and Eighth districts of Bro yn, Twenty-first in Manhattan, and the Twenty-second in the Bronx. Added to the historic occasion of the day to the the historic occasion of the day to the women was the fact that the actual Democratic majority in the house of representatives in the face of the present Republican majority of one, hinged Political leaders frankly

they were puzzled as to just what effect the new factor in politics would have in determining the result in each of the districts. The total registration in the four districts is 172,061, of which 35,195 are women. Some leaders said they expected a small vote, especially from the men voters, because the day was not a holiday. Polls opened at 6 o'clock and were to close at 5 o'clock.

One Woman Candidate. In addition to the Republican and

a negro clergyman, whose independent petition was thrown out by the supreme court, appealed to his followers to write court, appealed to his followers to write his name on their ballots. Ransom attacked the Republican nominee, John A. Bolles. The Democratic candidate was Jerome F. Donovan.

In what she called "an appeal to the timid," Miss Garrett Hay, chairman of the suffrage party in New York city, urged the women to "do their duty." The appeal said: "If you are too busy, if you are ill, go; if you are afraid, go just the same. You will be treated with respect. There is nothing to be afraid

if you are ill, go; if you are afraid, go just the same. You will be treated with respect. There is nothing to be afraid of." ELECTIONS IN VERMONT.

Woman's Vote Watched With Interest-Prohibition an Issue. MONTPELIER, Vt., March 5 .- The xtent and effect of the women's vote was watched with interest in the annual elections of cities and towns throughout Vermont today. Full municipal suffrage was granted the women by the legislature last year. While

Continued on Page Eleven

43 Killed in Action

WASHINGTON, March 5 .- Fortythree American soldiers had been killed in action in France at the end of March 2, while 252 had been wounded, and thirty-five captured or missing, according to war department informa-tion.

APRIL PROBABLY THE TIME CITY TRAFFIC SURVEY IS PLANNED BY MAYOR

OBJECT IS TO IMPROVE THE STREET CAR SERVICE.

The city administration is planning to bring to Indianapolis an expert to make a survey of traffic and transportation conditions, with the view of improving the street car service, accord-Mayor Charles W. Jewett. "This means." said Mayor Jewett,

"This means," said Mayor Jewett, "that after the survey is made the street cars of Indianapolis will be rerouted with the principal purpose of large quantity of the mercury, just how much he was unable to say. He said he took the tablets because he wished to die. He would not give the reason for his action.

Result of Campaign Promise. One of the things promised by Mayor Jewett when he was a candidate was better street car service, and the decision to employ an expert on traffic conditions to employ an expert on traffic conditions result of that promise. Other cities have solved the street car uation, and devise correct routing of cars and regulations governing traffic. There are men who have made a study of such conditions, and who know how to handle a great city's traffic to the best advantage of the citizens. We in-

tend to get such a man to come to Indi-anapolis within the near future. Relief From Congestion Object. "Of course, the principal things to be ccomplished here are relief from congestion of traffic in the downtown districts, and accommodation for the traveling public. The object to be attained is relief from congestion and conven-DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY IN THE points in the business district." Mayor Jewett held a conference with Robert E. Tracy, director of the new bureau of municipal research in Indibureau of municipal research in Indi-anapolis, and went over the New York bureau's report on Indianapolis. De-partment heads of the city government will be addressed by Mr. Tracy at the round-table conference, to be arranged within the next week or so. Mayor Jew-ett said the city administration will co-

ett sald the city administration will co-operate with Mr. Tracy in every possi-ble way. **ENEMY ALIENS IN ARM**

POSSESSIONS.

WAR DEPARTMENT DECIDES

WASHINGTON, March 5 .- Officers and men in the army who are of enemy na- three lines of trenches of the original In addition to the Republican and Democratic candidates, the Socialists have nominees in each district, while in the Twenty-first district a woman, Mrs. Marie Colvin, is a candidate of the Prohibition party.

The greatest interest in the campaign has centered in the fight in the Twenty-first district, normally Republican terdiffer. The Rev. Reverdy C. Ransom, tionality but of whose loyalty there is no system give way to three great fighting regiment to France. He is of German birth and speaks with a marked German accent, although he has been in the army since 1909. No doubt has been cast on his loyalty, but it has been decided by General Pershing that the feelings of the French authorities must be considered, and no man of enemy nationality be included in his forces, even though he is personally satisfied to have them. Chaplain Feinler, therefore was them. Chaplain Feinler, therefore, was sent back and assigned to duty at Ft. Shafter, Hawalian islands. Shafter, Hawalian island Many regular army noncommissioned Many regular army noncommissioned officers and privates are of German or Austrian birth and have failed to take Austrian birth and have failed to take Austrian lisation papers. When the Austrian birth and have raised to take out naturalization papers. When the units to which they belong are ordered to France, such men are detached and transferred to regiments in the insular possessions. The war department feels that this is no reflection on the transferred way.

> Lenine and Trotzky to Quit? AMSTERDAM, March 5.-The Germa government has been advised that the resignation of Nicolal Lenine and Leon Trotzky, Russian premier and foreign Trotzky, Russian premier and foreign minister respectively, are expected, dis-patches from Barlin addars state.

TAKES DEADLY POISON; **NOW REPENTS ACTION**

AGRICULTURAL AGENT AT-

Mr. Williams left his office in the court house here, explaining that he intended in most with farmers at Milford to go over the seed corn situation. Instead of going to Milford he went to the ice-houses of the Eagle Lake Ice Company, climbed inside and took the mercury tablets. He expected to die there. tense that he staggered to the home of

ture for days and days, knowing that very hour brings him closer to the end. Mr. Williams is a graduate of Purdue as an experimental agent, and less than a week ago was employed as permanent

POSITIONS GROW STRONGER TOWARD REAR.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES IN THE FIELD, February 20 (By Mail) .-While loudly proclaiming a gigantic ofarmies have been working there night and day for months building up the greatest system for defensive warfare the world has ever known.

must meet on the French front the shock of the combined French and British and American armies. She British and American armies. She knows that in spite of any slight success she may gain by a big west front offensive, she will be obliged to defend every step of the territory between the west front and the Rhine west front and the Rhine
The entire west front, extending for niles to the rear-in fact practically to

Three Fighting Zones.

In the 1918 German defensive system, but with food and water. Often this first line is held by only a few soldiers. Instead of sacrificing thousands of men, holding a rigid line of tranches, Field Marshal von Hindenburg now prefers Germans Spread Out.

The German defensive organization and troops, instead of being concer rated on the front line, are spread out indefinitely to the rearward. If the front now gives way at any time, ever increasing defensive organizations and troops are found to the rear.

In the "zone of grand combats" the defensive organizations for the infantry consist of trench after trench. All of these are supported by numerous defensive positions, such as concrete forts, tortified hills, blockhouses, machine gun nests, great underground caves and forests.

After them comes the great "zone of the report that he had left the front responsible to the registration, and finally in Eric, he says, he learned the police were after him. He then decided to return to Indianapolis and surrender, he says, tortified hills, blockhouses, machine gun nests, great underground caves and forests.

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Continued on Page Eleven,

Matter Left to the Judgment of Leaders of Republicans and Tokio by Britain, France and Italy.

NEED FOR ACTION IS GREAT UNION OF PATRIOTIC EFFORT

Armed Austro-Germans, as Well as Bolsheviki, Are Menace, It Is Said.

WASHINGTON, March 5 .- The United States now is in agreement with Japan, Great Britain and the other co-belligerents on the princi- mittee at the state house this afternoon ple of action in Siberia, but the details remain to be worked out. This became known today as the cabinet met with President Wilson to discuss the subject.

Japan, reports indicate, will act soon to protect allied interests in eastern Siberia. Press dispatches received in London say that the British, French and Italian ambassadors in Tokio have asked, or will immediately ask, the Japanese government to take whatever action it may believe necessary to oppose German propaganda in Siberia and to protect the military stores at Work on the Resolutions. to protect the military stores at Vladivostok. It is believed in Wash-Japan is imminent.

Need for Japanese action has been Need for Japanese action has been increased, it is felt, as a result of the signing of peace by the Bolsheviki and the German invasion of Finland. Also there are further reports of the hostile attitude of the Bolshevik element in Siberia, as well as of the thousands of released Austro-German war prisoners, who have been armed and drilled. A belated dispatch from Peking says that Russian forces are menacing the

AGRICULTURAL AGENT ATTEMPTS SUICIDE IN ICEHOUSE.

SUFFERS TERRIBLE AGONY

SUFF ecessary to agree to a new one before the pourpariers could continue.

Narva, 100 miles southwest of Petrograd, has been captured by the Germans, and the enemy is reported to be continuing his advance on Petrograd,

according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Petrograd, dated Mon-SAYS IT'S ALL SETTLED.

ondon Newspaper Declares Agree ment Has Been Reached. LONDON. March 5.-The Evening News says the question of Japanese in tervention in Siberia has been settled and that all the allies, as well as the United States, have agreed to immediate action to safeguard the interests of the

PROVISIONS OF TREATY. Berlin Dispatches Tell of Agreement

Made at Brest-Litovsk.

AMSTERDAM, March 5.—Russia and the central powers, in the peace treaty reached at Brest-Litovsk, agreed that the war between them should be at an end, Berlin dispatches say. The third clause of the treaty provided that the regions west of a line agreed on and which is to be delineated later, formerly end, Berlin dispatches say. The third clause of the treaty provided that the regions west of a line agreed on and which is to be delineated later, formerly belonging to Russia, shall have no further obligation toward Russia, and Germany and Austria will determine their fate in agreement with their populations. Article 4 provides for the evacuation of the Anatolian provinces and the

Continued on Page Eleven.

FIRST LINE THINLY HELD SAYS HE WAS TOO BUSY **COURTING TO REGISTER**

fensive on the west front, the German GERMAN SUBJECT'S EXCUSE TO AUTHORITIES.

who surrendered to the police Sunday after learning he had been traced halfway across the continent for his failure to register as an enemy alien, today explained to federal authorities that he was so much in love and so busy courting an Indianapolis girl that he neglected to comply with the American regulation to keep trace of Germans in the

United States. internment by the federal who, meanwhile, are conince he landed in the United n an interned German vessel the outbreak of the war. Its he knew it was necessary register with the police, to was reported he had left In-on February 16 to escape reg-Bearcault, when interviewed Sanders street, whose mother lives at 256
Sanders street, going to Cincinnati, O.,
where they were married. In a few
days they returned to Indianapolis, but
left after a short stay for Erie, Pa.,
where he says his wife is living at 5
Kellogg street.

Meanwhile the police and federa agents were seeking to find Bearcault because of the report that he had left

Democrats Meet to Form Plan to Aid Liberty Bond Effort.

Gov. Goodrich Called Cenference to Order and Spoke-Both State Chairmen Were on Program.

Workers in the Republican and Demo-

cratic parties, representing every county in Indiana, met with officials of the state Liberty loan campaign comto form a plan to use the organizations of both parties in a nonpoli to aid in the sale of the third issue of Liberty bonds, which starts April & Governor Goodrich, as presiding officer, called the conference to order at 2 o'clock. A speech also was made by the Governor and Will H. Hays, chairman

Work on the Resolutions. Considerable time was devoted during ington that military activity by the morning by party leaders in drafting a set of resolutions to set forth the position of the opposing political forces of the state in uniting their organizations

in a great patriotic effort. The members of both parties came to Indianapolis in response to a joint call recently issued by Governor Goodrich, in Siberia, as well as of the thousands of released Austro-German war prisoners, who have been armed and drilled. A belated dispatch from Peking says that Russian forces are menacing the frontier of Chinese or eastern Turkestan. Turkish and German agents have been active in this territory, attempting to arouse the Mohammedans against the Chinese government.

What Treaty Provides.

Articles of the treaty signed by Russia and the central powers do not go into detail, but German domination of the territory taken from Russia is as-

greater number of Republicans in the city. For the first time in three years, he said, every member of the Republican state committee was in the city and he believed every county in the state was represented by Republican visitors.

Expresses Appreciation. Governor Goodrich addressed the conference as follows:

"I wish to express my appreciation to the Hon. Charles Greathouse and Will Hays, the chairmen of the two great political parties in Indiana, for joining the call for this meeting and to thank ach one of you for your attendance met together not as partigans, but as patriots; met as men whose love of country surpasses loyalty to party; met to consider how we can, through the regular party machinery, and in promoting the third Liberty loan.

victory.

"It is not necessary that I tell you of the vital necessity for the success of this third Liberty loan. Autocracy in its treatment of prostrate Russia has thrown off its mask. We must either have victory or we must submit to the will of the conqueror. There can be no halfway measures, no return to the conditions existant before the war.

"The events in the next few months "The events in the next few months in which we are all to take a more or in which we are all to take a more or less important part, will shape the history of the next century. The issues have been set and the die is cast; whether the world is to continue its trend toward democracy and liberty, or whether it is to be ruled for generations by a highly organized conscience-less autocracy depends a great deal upon what our own country can accomplish in the months to come.

For Liberty and Humanity.

"I think above all things that we are proud that we are American citizens; we are proud of this great nation which has reared itself in the west; proud that n the interest of liberty and humanity proud that its flag has never been sullied by the stain of treaties broken or pledges unfulfilled because of cowardice